

Mortgage Application

Whether it's your
first home or a
new purchase, we
have a mortgage
solution for you



HawaiiUSA
FEDERAL CREDIT UNION

Life matters.

call: 534.4300 / (800) 379.1300 toll-free

www.hawaiiusafcu.com

Welcome

Thank you for applying with HawaiiUSA FCU for your financing needs.

Processing your application consists of five steps, which include:

- Verifying your **employment and income information**
- Verifying your funds on deposit for **down payment, if applicable**
- Verifying your **credit history** information
- Verifying the **value of the property** (an appraisal may be required)
- Verifying that there is **clear title in your name(s)**

From the information you submit, we will process the residential loan you are applying for. The completeness and timely submission of the documents requested will enable us to issue a faster decision.

Checklist of Required Items Needed to Process Your Request

- Completed Uniform Residential Loan Application with signature(s) and date
- Income verification
 - Copy of one month's most recent pay stubs showing year to date earnings and pay period dates
 - Copy of two years' most recent W-2 forms
 - Copy of two years' most recent signed and dated Federal tax returns; include all schedules along with applicable 1099 (retirement, social security)
 - If self-employed or own 25% or more of a business, copy of three years' most recent signed and dated corporate Federal tax returns and K-1's, if applicable

Note: Additional income verification may be requested.
- Two months' most recent bank statements (all pages)
- Copy of mortgage statement(s) showing outstanding balance on the property that will be used as collateral
- Copy of current tax assessment card
- Copy of homeowner, hurricane, and flood insurance policies, if applicable
- If property is in a trust, copies of long form trust documents along with all amendments
- If this request is for a bill consolidation, enclose full copies of current statements and write down your entire account number on your current statements. **Please remember**, you must continue your regular monthly payments until your loan has been finalized and proceeds have been disbursed.
- Copy of monthly homeowners association dues and/or maintenance fees, if applicable
- Signed attached application disclosures:
 - Borrower's Certification & Authorization
 - Credit Authorization
 - Disclosure Notices
 - E-Sign Act Consumer Disclosure
 - Attachment to Good Faith Estimate of Settlement Services

Uniform Residential Loan Application

This application is designed to be completed by the applicant(s) with the Lender's assistance. Applicants should complete this form as "Borrower" or "Co-Borrower", as applicable. Co-Borrower information must also be provided (and the appropriate box checked) when the income or assets of a person other than the Borrower (including the Borrower's spouse) will be used as a basis for loan qualification or the income or assets of the Borrower's spouse or other person who has community property rights pursuant to state law will not be used as a basis for loan qualification, but his or her liabilities must be considered because the spouse or other person has community property rights pursuant to applicable law and Borrower resides in a community property state, the security property is located in a community property state, or the Borrower is relying on other property located in a community property state as a basis for repayment of the loan.

If this is an application for joint credit, Borrower and Co-Borrower each agree that we intend to apply for joint credit (sign below).

Borrower	Co-Borrower
I. TYPE OF MORTGAGE AND TERMS OF LOAN	
Mortgage Applied for: <input type="checkbox"/> VA <input type="checkbox"/> Conventional <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain): <input type="checkbox"/> FHA <input type="checkbox"/> USDA/Rural Housing Service	Agency Case Number: _____ Lender Case Number: _____
Amount \$: _____ Interest Rate %: _____ No. of Months: _____	Amortization Type: <input type="checkbox"/> Fixed Rate <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain): <input type="checkbox"/> GPM <input type="checkbox"/> ARM (type):

II. PROPERTY INFORMATION AND PURPOSE OF LOAN	
Subject Property Address (street, city, state, & ZIP)	No. of Units
Legal Description of Subject Property (attach description if necessary)	Year Built
Purpose of Loan: <input type="checkbox"/> Purchase <input type="checkbox"/> Construction <input type="checkbox"/> Other (explain): <input type="checkbox"/> Refinance <input type="checkbox"/> Construction-Permanent	Property will be: <input type="checkbox"/> Primary Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Secondary Residence <input type="checkbox"/> Investment

Complete this line if construction or construction-permanent loan.

Year Lot Acquired	Original Cost	Amount Existing Liens	(a) Present Value of Lot	(b) Cost of Improvements	Total (a+b)
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

Complete this line if this is a refinance loan.

Year Acquired	Original Cost	Amount Existing Liens	Purpose of Refinance	Describe Improvements <input type="checkbox"/> made <input type="checkbox"/> to be made Cost \$
	\$	\$		

Title will be held in what Name(s)	Manner in which Title will be held	Estate will be held in: <input type="checkbox"/> Fee Simple <input type="checkbox"/> Leasehold (show expiration date)
Source of Down Payment, Settlement Charges and/or Subordinate Financing (explain)		

Borrower	Co-Borrower
III. BORROWER INFORMATION	
Borrower's Name (include Jr. or Sr. if applicable)	Co-Borrower's Name (include Jr. or Sr. if applicable)
Social Security Number	Social Security Number
Home Phone (incl. area code)	Home Phone (incl. area code)
DOB (MM/DD/YYYY)	DOB (MM/DD/YYYY)
Yrs. School	Yrs. School
<input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried (include single, divorced, widowed) <input type="checkbox"/> Separated	<input type="checkbox"/> Married <input type="checkbox"/> Unmarried (include single, divorced, widowed) <input type="checkbox"/> Separated
Dependents (not listed by Co-Borrower)	Dependents (not listed by Borrower)
no. ages	no. ages
Present Address (street, city, state, ZIP)	Present Address (street, city, state, ZIP)
<input type="checkbox"/> Own <input type="checkbox"/> Rent	<input type="checkbox"/> Own <input type="checkbox"/> Rent
No. Yrs.	No. Yrs.
Mailing Address, if different from Present Address	Mailing Address, if different from Present Address

If residing at present address for less than two years, complete the following:

Former Address (street, city, state, ZIP)	Former Address (street, city, state, ZIP)
<input type="checkbox"/> Own <input type="checkbox"/> Rent	<input type="checkbox"/> Own <input type="checkbox"/> Rent
No. Yrs.	No. Yrs.

Borrower	Co-Borrower
IV. EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION	
Name & Address of Employer	Name & Address of Employer
<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed	<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed
Yrs. on this job	Yrs. on this job
Yrs. employed in this line of work/profession	Yrs. employed in this line of work/profession
Position/Title/Type of Business	Position/Title/Type of Business
Business Phone (incl. area code)	Business Phone (incl. area code)

If employed in current position for less than two years or if currently employed in more than one position, complete the following:

Borrower		IV. EMPLOYMENT INFORMATION		Co-Borrower	
Name & Address of Employer	<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed	Dates (from-to)	Name & Address of Employer	<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed	Dates (from-to)
		Monthly Income			Monthly Income
		\$			\$
Position/Title/Type of Business	Business Phone (incl. area code)		Position/Title/Type of Business	Business Phone (incl. area code)	
Name & Address of Employer	<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed	Dates (from-to)	Name & Address of Employer	<input type="checkbox"/> Self Employed	Dates (from-to)
		Monthly Income			Monthly Income
		\$			\$
Position/Title/Type of Business	Business Phone (incl. area code)		Position/Title/Type of Business	Business Phone (incl. area code)	

V. MONTHLY INCOME AND COMBINED HOUSING EXPENSE INFORMATION

Gross Monthly Income	Borrower	Co-Borrower	Total	Combined Monthly Housing Expense	Present	Proposed
Base Empl. Income*	\$	\$	\$	Rent	\$	
Overtime				First Mortgage (P&I)		\$
Bonuses				Other Financing (P&I)		
Commissions				Hazard Insurance		
Dividends/Interest				Real Estate Taxes		
Net Rental Income				Mortgage Insurance		
Other (before completing, see the notice in "describe other income," below)				Homeowner Assn. Dues		
				Other:		
Total	\$	\$	\$	Total	\$	\$

* Self Employed Borrower(s) may be required to provide additional documentation such as tax returns and financial statements.

Described Other Income Notice: Alimony, child support, or separate maintenance income need not be revealed if the Borrower (B) or Co-Borrower (C) does not choose to have it considered for repaying this loan.

B/C	Monthly Amount
	\$

VI. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

This Statement and any applicable supporting schedules may be completed jointly by both married and unmarried Co-Borrowers if their assets and liabilities are sufficiently joined so that the Statement can be meaningfully and fairly presented on a combined basis; otherwise separate Statements and Schedules are required. If the Co-Borrower section was completed about a non-applicant spouse or other person, this Statement and supporting schedules must be completed about that spouse or other person also.
Completed Jointly Not Jointly

ASSETS	Cash or Market Value	Liabilities and Pledged Assets. List the creditor's name, address and account number for all outstanding debts, including automobile loans, revolving charge accounts, real estate loans, alimony, child support, stock pledges, etc. Use continuation sheet, if necessary. Indicate by (*) those liabilities which will be satisfied upon sale of real estate owned or upon refinancing of the subject property.		
Description		LIABILITIES	Monthly Payment & Months Left to Pay	Unpaid Balance
Cash deposit toward purchase held by:	\$			
List checking and savings accounts below		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union				
		Acct. no.		
Acct. no.	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union				
		Acct. no.		
Acct. no.	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union				
		Acct. no.		

VI. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (cont.)				
Acct. no.	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union				
		Acct. no.		
Acct. no.	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Stocks & Bonds (Company name/number & description)				
		Acct. no.		
Life insurance net cash value		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Face amount: \$				
Subtotal Liquid Assets				
Real estate owned (enter market value from schedule of real estate owned)	\$	Acct. no.		
Vested interest in retirement fund	\$	Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Net worth of business(es) owned (attach financial statement)	\$			
Automobiles owned (make and year)	\$	Acct. no.		
Other Assets (itemize)		Alimony/Child Support/Separate Maintenance Payments Owed to:	\$	
		Job-Related Expense (child care, union dues, etc.)	\$	
		Total Monthly Payments	\$	
Total Assets a.	\$	Net Worth (a minus b)	\$	Total Liabilities b.

Schedule of Real Estate Owned (If additional properties are owned, use continuation sheet.)

Property Address (enter S if sold, PS if pending sale or R if rental being held for income)	Type of Property	Present Market Value	Amount of Mortgages & Liens	Gross Rental Income	Mortgage Payments	Insurance, Maintenance, Taxes & Misc.	Net Rental Income
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	Totals	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$

List any additional names under which credit has previously been received and indicate appropriate creditor name(s) and account number(s):

Alternate Name	Creditor Name	Account Number

VII. DETAILS OF TRANSACTION		VIII. DECLARATIONS				
a. Purchase Price	\$	If you answer "Yes" to any questions a through i, please use continuation sheet for explanation. a. Are there any outstanding judgments against you? b. Have you been declared bankrupt within the past 7 years? c. Have you had property foreclosed upon or given title or deed in lieu thereof in the last 7 years? d. Are you a party to a lawsuit? e. Have you directly or indirectly been obligated on any loan which resulted in foreclosure, transfer of title in lieu of foreclosure, or judgment? <small>(This would include such loans as home mortgage loans, SBA loans, home improvement loans, educational loans, manufactured (mobile) home loans, any mortgage, financial obligation, bond, or loan guarantee. If "Yes," provide details, including date, name and address of Lender, FHA or VA case number, if any, and reasons for the action.)</small>	Borrower		Co-Borrower	
b. Alterations, improvements, repairs			Yes	No	Yes	No
c. Land (if acquired separately)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
d. Refinance (incl. debts to be paid off)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
e. Estimated prepaid items			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
f. Estimated closing costs			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
g. PMI, MIP, Funding Fee			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
h. Discount (if Borrower will pay)			<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
i. Total costs (add items a through h)						
j. Subordinate financing						
k. Borrower's closing costs paid by Seller						

VII. DETAILS OF TRANSACTION		VIII. DECLARATIONS			
I. Other Credits (explain)		If you answer "Yes" to any questions a through i, please use continuation sheet for explanation. f. Are you presently delinquent or in default on any Federal debt or any other loan, mortgage, financial obligation, bond or loan guarantee? <small>If "Yes," give details as described in the preceding question.</small> g. Are you obligated to pay alimony, child support, or separate maintenance? h. Is any part of the down payment borrowed? i. Are you a co-maker or endorser on a note? ----- j. Are you a U.S. citizen? k. Are you a permanent resident alien? l. Do you intend to occupy the property as your primary residence? <small>If "Yes," complete question m below.</small> m. Have you had an ownership interest in a property in the last three years? (1) What type of property did you own – principal residence (PR), second home (SH), or investment property (IP)? (2) How did you hold title to the home – solely by yourself (S), jointly with your spouse (SP), or jointly with another person (O)?	Borrower Yes No	Co-Borrower Yes No	
m. Loan amount <small>(exclude PMI, MIP, Funding Fee financed)</small>			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
n. PMI, MIP, Funding Fee financed			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
o. Loan amount (add m & n)			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	
p. Cash from / to Borrower <small>(subtract j, k, l & o from i)</small>			<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/>	

IX. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT AND AGREEMENT

Each of the undersigned specifically represents to Lender and to Lender's actual or potential agents, brokers, processors, attorneys, insurers, servicers, successors and assigns and agrees and acknowledges, that: (1) the information provided in this application is true and correct as of the date set forth opposite my signature and that any intentional or negligent misrepresentation of this information contained in this application may result in civil liability, including monetary damages, to any person who may suffer any loss due to reliance upon any misrepresentation that I have made on this application, and/or in criminal penalties including, but not limited to, fine or imprisonment or both under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Sec. 1001, et seq.; (2) the loan requested pursuant to this application (the "Loan") will be secured by a mortgage or deed of trust on the property described in this application; (3) the property will not be used for any illegal or prohibited purpose or use; (4) all statements made in this application are made for the purpose of obtaining a residential mortgage loan; (5) the property will be occupied as indicated in this application; (6) the Lender, its servicers, successors or assigns may retain the original and/or electronic record of this application, whether or not the Loan is approved; (7) the Lender and its agents, brokers, insurers, servicers, successors and assigns may continuously rely on the information contained in the application, and I am obligated to amend and/or supplement the information provided in this application if any of the material facts that I have represented herein should change prior to closing of the Loan; (8) in the event that my payments on the Loan become delinquent, the Lender, its servicers, successors or assigns may, in addition to any other rights and remedies that it may have relating to such delinquency, report my name and account information to one or more consumer reporting agencies; (9) ownership of the Loan and/or administration of the Loan account may be transferred with such notice as may be required by law; (10) neither Lender nor its agents, brokers, insurers, servicers, successors or assigns has made any representation or warranty, express or implied, to me regarding the property or the condition or value of the property; and (11) my transmission of this application as an "electronic record" containing my "electronic signature," as those terms are defined in applicable federal and/or state laws (excluding audio and video recordings), or my facsimile transmission of this application containing a facsimile of my signature, shall be as effective, enforceable and valid as if a paper version of this application were delivered containing my original written signature.

Acknowledgement: Each of the undersigned hereby acknowledges that any owner of the Loan, its servicers, successors and assigns, may verify or reverify any information contained in this application or obtain any information or data relating to the Loan, for any legitimate business purpose through any source, including a source named in this application or a consumer reporting agency.

Borrower's Signature X	Date	Co-Borrower's Signature X	Date
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X. INFORMATION FOR GOVERNMENT MONITORING PURPOSES

The following information is requested by the Federal Government for certain types of loans related to a dwelling in order to monitor the lender's compliance with equal credit opportunity, fair housing and home mortgage disclosure laws. You are not required to furnish this information, but are encouraged to do so. The law provides that a lender may not discriminate either on the basis of this information, or on whether you choose to furnish it. If you furnish the information, please provide both ethnicity and race. For race, you may check more than one designation. If you do not furnish ethnicity, race, or sex, under Federal regulations, this lender is required to note the information on the basis of visual observation and surname if you have made this application in person. If you do not wish to furnish the information, please check the box below. (Lender must review the above material to assure that the disclosures satisfy all requirements to which the lender is subject under applicable state law for the particular type of loan applied for.)

BORROWER <input type="checkbox"/> I do not wish to furnish this information.	CO-BORROWER <input type="checkbox"/> I do not wish to furnish this information.
Ethnicity: <input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic or Latino <input type="checkbox"/> Not Hispanic or Latino	Ethnicity: <input type="checkbox"/> Hispanic or Latino <input type="checkbox"/> Not Hispanic or Latino
Race: <input type="checkbox"/> American Indian or Alaska native <input type="checkbox"/> Asian <input type="checkbox"/> Black or African American <input type="checkbox"/> Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander <input type="checkbox"/> White	Race: <input type="checkbox"/> American Indian or Alaska native <input type="checkbox"/> Asian <input type="checkbox"/> Black or African American <input type="checkbox"/> Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander <input type="checkbox"/> White
Sex: <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male	Sex: <input type="checkbox"/> Female <input type="checkbox"/> Male

To be Completed by Loan Originator:

This information was provided:
 In a face-to-face interview
 In a telephone interview
 By the applicant and submitted by fax or mail
 By the applicant and submitted via e-mail or the Internet

Loan Originator's Signature X	Date
Loan Originator's Name (print or type)	Loan Originator Identifier
	Loan Originator's Phone Number (including area code)
Loan Origination Company's Name	Loan Origination Company Identifier
	Loan Origination Company's Address

Continuation Sheet/Residential Loan Application

Use this continuation sheet if you need more space to complete the Residential Loan Application.

Borrower:	Agency Case Number:
Co-Borrower:	Lender Case Number:

VI. ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Assets	Cash or Market Value	Liabilities	Monthly Payment & Months Left to Pay	Unpaid Balance
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		
Name and address of Bank, S&L, or Credit Union		Name and address of Company	\$ Payment/Months	\$
Acct. No.	\$	Acct. No.		

I/We fully understand that it is a Federal crime punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, to knowingly make any false statements concerning any of the above facts as applicable under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1001, et seq.

Borrower's Signature:	Date	Co-Borrower's Signature:	Date
X		X	

Borrower's Certification & Authorization

Certification

The undersigned certify the following:

1. I/We have applied for a mortgage loan from **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION**
In applying for the loan.
I/We completed a loan application containing various information on the purpose of the loan, the amount and source of the down payment, employment and income information, and assets and liabilities. I/We certify that all of the information is true and complete. I/We made no misrepresentations in the loan application with the employer and/or other documents, nor did I/We omit any pertinent information.
2. I/We understand and agree that **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** reserves the right to change the mortgage loan review process to a full documentation program. This may include verifying the information provided on the application with the employer and/or the financial institution.
3. I/We fully understand that it is a Federal crime punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, to knowingly make any false statements when applying for this mortgage, as applicable under the provisions of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1014.

Authorization to Release Information

To Whom It May Concern:

1. I/We have applied for a mortgage loan from **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION**
As part of the application process, **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** may verify information contained in my/our loan application and in other documents required in connection with the loan, either before the loan is closed or as part of its quality control program.
2. I/We understand and agree that **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** reserves the right to change the mortgage loan review process to a full documentation program. This may include verifying the information provided on the application with the employer and/or the financial institution.
3. **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** or any investor that purchases the mortgage may address this authorization to any party named in the loan application.
4. A copy of this authorization may be accepted as an original.
5. Your prompt reply to **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** or the investor that purchased the mortgage is appreciated.
6. I further authorize **HAWAIIUSA FEDERAL CREDIT UNION** to release credit, income, assets, and liability information to my real estate agent, their sub-agent, builder, builder's agent, developer or escrow agent for the purpose of monitoring the status of the loan I am applying for.
7. A photocopy of this signed authorization may be deemed to be the equivalent of the original and shall be as effective as the original which I have signed.

Date

Date

Credit Authorization

1. To all consumer-reporting agencies and to all creditors and depositories of the undersigned:

Please be advised that the undersigned, and each of them, has made application to:

requesting an extension of credit to the undersigned. Therefore, the undersigned, and each of them, hereby authorizes you to provide credit report and/or a disclosure to Lender or any agent or assignee. The undersigned also authorizes you to disclose your deposit or credit experiences with the undersigned to Lender or to third parties.

2. In addition, the undersigned, and each of them, hereby authorizes Lender to disclose to any third party, or any agent or employee thereof, information regarding the deposit or credit experience with any of the undersigned.

3. A photographic or carbon copy of this authorization bearing a photographic or carbon copy of the signature(s) of the undersigned may be deemed to be equivalent to the original hereof and may be used as a duplicate original.

Borrower	Date	Co-Borrower	Date
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Disclosure Notices

Borrower(s):	Property Address:
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Occupancy Statement

This is to certify that I/we _____ intend to occupy the subject property as it is my/our _____. I/We hereby certify under penalty of U.S. Criminal Code Section 1010 Title 18 U.S.C., that the above statement submitted for the purpose of obtaining mortgage insurance under the National Housing Act is true and correct.

Fair Credit Reporting Act

An investigation will be made as to the credit standing of all individuals seeking credit in this application. The nature and scope of any investigation will be furnished to you upon written request made within a reasonable period of time. In the event of denied credit due to an unfavorable consumer report, you will be advised of the identity of the Consumer Reporting Agency making such report and of right to request within sixty (60) days the reason for the adverse action, pursuant to provisions of section 615(b) of the Fair Credit Reporting Act.

Equal Credit Opportunity Act

The Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibits creditors from discriminating against credit applicants on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, marital status, age (provided that the applicant has the capacity to enter into a binding contract); because all or part of the applicant's income derives from any public assistance program; or because the applicant has in good faith exercised any right under the Consumer Credit Protection Act. Income which you receive as alimony, child support, or separate maintenance need not be disclosed to this creditor unless you choose to rely on such sources to qualify for the loan. Income from these and other sources, including part-time or temporary employment, will not be discounted by this lender because of your sex or marital status. However, we will consider very carefully the stability and probable continuity of any income you disclose to us. The Federal Agency that administers compliance with this law concerning this creditor is:

Right to Financial Privacy Act

I/We acknowledge that this is notice to me/us as required by the Right to Financial Privacy Act of 1978 that the Veterans Administration (in the case of a VA Loan) or Department of Housing and Urban Development (in the case of an FHA Loan) has a right of access to financial records held by financial institutions in connection with the consideration or administration of assistance to me/us. Financial records involving my/our transactions will be available to the VA (in the case of a VA Loan) or to HUD (in the case of an FHA Loan) without further notice or authorization but will not be disclosed or released to another government agency or department without my/our consent, except as required or permitted by law.

Information Disclosure Authorization

I/We hereby authorize you to release to _____ for verification purposes, information concerning:

- Employment History, dates, title(s), income, hours worked, etc.
- Banking (checking & savings) account of record
- Mortgage loan rating, (opening date, high credit, payment amount, loan balance and payment)
- Any information deemed necessary in connection with consumer credit report for real estate transaction

This information is for the confidential use of this lender in compiling a mortgage loan credit report. A copy of this authorization may be deemed to be the equivalent of the original and may be used as a duplicate original.

Anti-Coercion Statement

The insurance laws of this state provide that the lender may not require the applicant to take insurance through any particular insurance agent or company to protect the mortgaged property. The applicant, subject to the rules adopted by the Insurance Commissioner, has the right to have the insurance placed with an insurance agent or company of his choice, provided the company meets the requirements of the lender. The lender has the right to designate reasonable financial requirements as to the company and the adequacy of the coverage.

I have read the foregoing statement, or the rules of the Insurance Commissioner relative thereto, and understand my rights and privileges and those of the lender relative to the placing of such insurance. I have selected the following agencies to write the insurance covering the property described above:

Flood Insurance Notification

Federal regulations require us to inform you that the property used as security for this loan is located in an area identified by the U.S. Secretary of Housing & Urban Development as having special flood hazards and that in the event of damage to the property caused by flooding in a federally-declared disaster, federal disaster relief assistance, if authorized, will be available for the property.

At the closing you will be asked to acknowledge your receipt of this information. If you have any questions concerning this notice, kindly contact your loan officer.

Important: Please notify your insurance agent that the "loss payee" clause for the mortgagee on both the hazard and flood insurance must read as follows, unless otherwise advised:

Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages

I/We hereby acknowledge receipt from _____ of a copy of the book titled "Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages" this information was prepared by the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System and the Office of Thrift Supervision.

I/We hereby certify that I/we have read the Notices set forth above and fully understand all of the above.

Borrower	Date	Borrower	Date
Borrower	Date	Borrower	Date



Attachment to Good Faith Estimate of Settlement Services

If you will be charged a fee for any service performed in conjunction with your loan application, HawaiiUSA FCU may require that the service provided by the following companies or persons, which HawaiiUSA FCU has repeatedly used or required other loan applicants to use within the last 12 months.

APPRAISAL	
HawaiiUSA FCU requires an appraisal report prepared by an appraiser selected by HawaiiUSA FCU from the HawaiiUSA FCU Residential Lending Approved Appraiser List. The cost of the appraiser may range from \$350.00 to \$1,700.00 depending on the property and the type of appraisal required. The specific appraiser and the actual cost of the appraisal will be provided on the HUD-1 / Settlement Statement.	
Stellmacher & Sadoyama Ltd. 1044 Fort Street Mall, 300 Honolulu, HI 96813 Call: (808) 545.2622	Certified Appraisers Plus 739A Judd Street Honolulu, HI 96817 Call: (808) 523.0920
CREDIT REPORTING AGENCY	
LandSafe Credit, Inc. 1515 Walnut Grove Avenue Rosemead, CA 91770 Call: (877) 572.5673	CoreLogic Credco 12395 First American Way Poway, CA 92064 Call: (800) 255.0792
TAX SERVICE	
First American RE Tax Service 1800 Sutter Street, Suite 800 Concord, CA 94520 Call: (800) 966.4829	TransUnion LLC PO Box 1000 Chester, PA 19022-2000 Call: (800) 888.4213
FLOOD ZONE DETERMINATION	
LandSafe Flood Determination, Inc. 7105 Corporate Drive, PTX-C177 Plano, TX 75024 Call: (877) 572.5673	Factual Data Flood 5200 Hahns Peak Road Loveland, CO 80538 Call: (800) 929.3400
MORTGAGE INSURANCE	
CMG Mortgage Insurance Co. 22 Fourth Street, 13 th Floor San Francisco, CA 94103 Call: (800) 909.4264	Mortgage Insurance Guaranty Corp. 250E Kilbourn Avenue Milwaukee, WI 53202 Call: (800) 558.9900
ESCROW / TITLE	
Title Guaranty of Hawaii, Inc. 235 Queen Street Honolulu, HI 96813 Call: (808) 533.6261	First American Title Co. Ltd. 1177 Kapiolani Boulevard Honolulu, HI 96814 Call: (808) 536.3866
ATTORNEY	
Case Lombardi & Pettit (Legal Counsel) 737 Bishop Street, Suite 2600 Honolulu, HI 96813 Call: (808) 547.5400	Watanabe Ing, LLP (Legal Counsel) 999 Bishop Street, 23 rd Floor Honolulu, HI 96813 Call: (808) 544.8300
Note: The estimated charges show in the accompanying Good Faith Estimate of closing costs are based on the charges of these providers of services for mortgage loans with impounds to be serviced by another party (if listed in left column above) and for mortgage loans without impounds, to be serviced directly by HawaiiUSA FCU (if listed in right column above).	

Acknowledgement of Receipt

I/We hereby acknowledge receipt of the foregoing HawaiiUSA FCU Attachment to Good Faith Estimate of Settlement Services.

Signature of Applicant

Date

Signature of Applicant

Date

Your home loan toolkit

A step-by-step guide







How can this toolkit help you?

Buying a home is exciting and, let's face it, complicated. This booklet is a toolkit that can help you make better choices along your path to owning a home.

After you finish this toolkit:

- You'll know the most important steps you need to take to **get the best mortgage** for your situation Section 1: Page 3
- You'll better **understand your closing costs** and what it takes to buy a home Section 2: Page 16
- You'll see a few ways to **be a successful homeowner** Section 3: Page 24

How to use the toolkit:

-  The location symbol orients you to where you are in the home buying process.
-  The pencil tells you it is time to get out your pencil or pen to circle, check, or fill in numbers.
-  The magnifying glass highlights tips to help you research further to find important information.
-  The speech bubble shows you conversation starters for talking to others and gathering more facts.


About the CFPB

The Consumer Financial Protection Bureau is a federal agency that helps consumer finance markets work by making rules more effective, by consistently and fairly enforcing those rules, and by empowering consumers to take more control over their economic lives.

Have a question about a common consumer financial product or problem? You can find answers by visiting consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb. Have an issue with a mortgage, student loan, or other financial product or service? You can submit a complaint to the CFPB. We'll forward your complaint to the company and work to get you a response. Turn to the back cover for details on how to submit a complaint or call us at (855) 411-2372.

This booklet was created to comply with federal law pursuant to 12 U.S.C. 2604, 12 CFR 1024.6, and 12 CFR 1026.19(g).

Choosing the best mortgage for you

 You're starting to look for a mortgage or want to confirm you made a good decision.

To make the most of your mortgage, you need to decide what works for you and then shop around to find it. In this section, you'll find eight steps to get the job done right.

1. Define what affordable means to you

Only you can decide how much you are comfortable paying for your housing each month. In most cases, your lender can consider only if you are able to repay your mortgage, not whether you will be comfortable repaying your loan. Based on your whole financial picture, think about whether you want to take on the mortgage payment plus the other costs of homeownership such as appliances, repairs, and maintenance.

THE TALK

Ask your spouse, a loved one, or friend about what affordable means to you:

"What's more important—a bigger home with a larger mortgage or more financial flexibility?"

"How much do we want to budget for all the monthly housing costs, including repairs, furniture, and new appliances?"

"What will a mortgage payment mean for other financial goals?"

IN THIS SECTION

1. Define what affordable means to you
2. Understand your credit
3. Pick the mortgage type that works for you
4. Choose the right down payment for you
5. Understand the trade-off between points and interest rate
6. Shop with several lenders
7. Choose your mortgage
8. Avoid pitfalls and handle problems

KNOW YOUR NUMBERS

Calculate the home payment you can take on by filling in the worksheets below:

Think about what an affordable home loan looks like for you. These worksheets can help. First, estimate your total monthly home payment. Second, look at the percentage of your income that will go toward your monthly home payment. Third, look at how much money you will have available to spend on the rest of your monthly expenses.

Step 1. Estimate your total monthly home payment by adding up the items below

Your **total monthly home payment** is more than just your mortgage. There are more expenses that go along with owning your home. Start with estimates and adjust as you go.

	MONTHLY ESTIMATE
Principal and interest (P&I) Your principal and interest payment depends on your home loan amount, the interest rate, and the number of years it takes to repay the loan. Principal is the amount you pay each month to reduce the loan balance. Interest is the amount you pay each month to borrow money. Many principal and interest calculators are available online.	\$
Mortgage insurance Mortgage insurance is often required for loans with less than a 20% down payment.	+ \$
Property taxes The local assessor or auditor's office can help you estimate property taxes for your area. If you know the yearly amount, divide by 12 and write in the monthly amount.	+ \$
Homeowner's insurance You can call one or more insurance agents to get an estimate for homes in your area. Ask if flood insurance is required.	+ \$
Homeowner's association or condominium fees, if they apply Condominiums and other planned communities often require homeowner's association (HOA) fees.	+ \$
My estimated total monthly home payment	= \$

Step 2. Estimate the percentage of your income spent on your monthly home payment

Calculate the percentage of your total monthly income that goes toward your total monthly home payment each month. A mortgage lending rule of thumb is that **your total monthly home payment should be at or below 28% of your total monthly income before taxes**. Lenders may approve you for more or for less depending on your overall financial picture.

$$\frac{\$ \text{ My estimated total monthly home payment (from step 1)}}{\$ \text{ My total monthly income before taxes}} \times 100 = \text{Percentage of my income going toward my monthly home payment} \%$$

Step 3. Estimate what is left after subtracting your monthly debts

To determine whether you are comfortable with your total monthly home payment, figure out how much of your income is left after you pay for your housing plus your other monthly debts.

Total monthly income <i>after taxes</i>	\$
My estimated total monthly home payment (from step 1)	
Monthly car payment(s)	– \$
Monthly student loan payment(s)	– \$
Monthly credit card payment(s)	– \$
Other monthly payments, such as child support or alimony	– \$
Total monthly income minus all debt payments	= \$
This money must cover your utilities, groceries, child care, health insurance, repairs, and everything else. If this isn't enough, consider options such as buying a less expensive home or paying down debts.	

Step 4. Your choice

I am comfortable with a total monthly home payment of: \$ _____

2. Understand your credit

Your credit, your credit scores, and how wisely you shop for a loan that best fits your needs have a significant impact on your mortgage interest rate and the fees you pay. To improve your credit and your chances of getting a better mortgage, get current on your payments and stay current. About 35% of your credit scores are based on whether or not you pay your bills on time. About 30% of your credit scores are based on how much debt you owe. That's why you may want to consider paying down some of your debts.

RESEARCH STARTER

Check out interest rates and make sure you're getting the credit you've earned.

- Get your credit report at annualcreditreport.com and check it for errors. If you find mistakes, submit a request to each of the credit bureaus asking them to fix the mistake. For more information about correcting errors on your credit report, visit consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb.
- For more on home loans and credit, visit consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

NOW

- If your credit score is below 700, you will likely pay more for your mortgage.
- Most credit scoring models are built so you can shop for a mortgage within a certain period—generally between 14 days and 45 days—with little or no impact on your score. If you shop outside of this period, any change triggered by shopping should be minor—a small price to pay for saving money on a mortgage loan.

IN THE FUTURE

- If you work on improving your credit and wait to buy a home, you will likely save money. Some people who improve their credit save \$50 or \$100 on a typical monthly mortgage payment.
- An average consumer who adopts healthy credit habits, such as paying bills on time and paying down credit cards, could see a credit score improvement in three months or more.

YOUR CHOICE

Check one:

- I will go with the credit I have. **OR** I will wait a few months or more and work to improve my credit.

TIP

Be careful making any big purchases on credit before you close on your home. Even financing a new refrigerator could make it harder for you to get a mortgage.

TIP

Correcting errors on your credit report may raise your score in 30 days or less. It's a good idea to correct errors before you apply for a mortgage.

3. Pick the mortgage type—fixed or adjustable—that works for you

With a **fixed-rate mortgage**, your principal and interest payment stays the same for as long as you have your loan.

- Consider a fixed-rate mortgage if you want a predictable payment.
- You may be able to refinance later if interest rates fall or your credit or financial situation improves.

With an **adjustable-rate mortgage (ARM)**, your payment often starts out lower than with a fixed-rate loan, but your rate and payment could increase quickly. It is important to understand the trade-offs if you decide on an ARM.

- Your payment could increase a lot, often by hundreds of dollars a month.
- Make sure you are confident you know what your maximum payment could be and that you can afford it.

Planning to sell your home within a short period of time? That's one reason some people consider an ARM. But, you probably shouldn't count on being able to sell or refinance. Your financial situation could change. Home values may go down or interest rates may go up.

You can learn more about ARMs in the Consumer Handbook on Adjustable Rate Mortgages (files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201401_cfpb_booklet_charm.pdf) or by visiting consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

YOUR CHOICE Check one:

- I prefer a fixed-rate mortgage. **OR** I prefer an adjustable-rate mortgage.

Check for risky loan features

Some loans are safer and more predictable than others. It is a good idea to make sure you are comfortable with the risks you are taking on when you buy your home. You can find out if you have certain types of risky loan features from the Loan Terms section on the first page of your Loan Estimate.

A **balloon payment** is a large payment you must make, usually at the end of your loan repayment period. Depending on the terms of your loan, the balloon payment could be as large as the entire balance on your mortgage.

A **prepayment penalty** is an amount you have to pay if you refinance or pay off your loan early. A prepayment penalty may apply even if you sell your home.

TIP

Many borrowers with ARMs underestimate how much their interest rates can rise.

4. Choose the right down payment for you

A down payment is the amount you pay toward the home yourself. You put a percentage of the home's value down and borrow the rest through your mortgage loan.

YOUR CHOICE Check one:

YOUR DOWN PAYMENT	WHAT THAT MEANS FOR YOU
<input type="checkbox"/> I will put down 20% or more.	A 20% or higher down payment likely provides the best rates and most options. However, think twice if the down payment drains all your savings.
<input type="checkbox"/> I will put down between 5% and 19%.	You probably have to pay higher interest rates or fees. Lenders most likely require private mortgage insurance (PMI) . PMI is an insurance policy that lets you make a lower down payment by insuring the lender against loss if you fail to pay your mortgage. Keep in mind when you hear about "no PMI" offers that doesn't mean zero cost. No PMI offers often have higher interest rates and may also require you to take out a second mortgage. Be sure you understand the details.
<input type="checkbox"/> I will make no down payment or a small one of less than 5%.	Low down payment programs are typically more expensive because they may require mortgage insurance or a higher interest rate. Look closely at your total fees, interest rate, and monthly payment when comparing options. Ask about loan programs such as: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ Conventional loans that may offer low down payment options. ▪ FHA, which offers a 3.5% down payment program. ▪ VA, which offers a zero down payment option for qualifying veterans. ▪ USDA, which offers a similar zero down payment program for eligible borrowers in rural areas.

The advantages of prepayment

Prepayment is when you make additional mortgage payments so you pay down your mortgage early. This reduces your overall cost of borrowing, and you may be able to cancel your private mortgage insurance early and stop paying the premium. Especially if your down payment is less than 20%, it may make sense to make additional payments to pay down your loan earlier.

TIP

Prepayment is your choice. You don't have to sign up for a program or pay a fee to set it up.

5. Understand the trade-off between points and interest rate

Points are a percentage of a loan amount. For example, when a loan officer talks about one point on a \$100,000 loan, the loan officer is talking about one percent of the loan, which equals \$1,000. Lenders offer different interest rates on loans with different points. There are three main choices you can make about points. You can decide you don't want to pay or receive points at all. This is called a **zero point loan**. You can pay points at closing to receive a lower interest rate. Or you can choose to have points paid to you (also called **lender credits**) and use them to cover some of your closing costs.

The example below shows the trade-off between points as part of your closing costs and interest rates. In the example, you borrow \$180,000 and qualify for a 30-year fixed-rate loan at an interest rate of 5.0% with zero points. Rates currently available may be different than what is shown in this example.

COMPARE THREE SCENARIOS OF HOW POINTS AFFECT INTEREST RATE

RATE	4.875%	5.0%	5.125%
POINTS	+0.375	0	-0.375
YOUR SITUATION	You plan to keep your mortgage for a long time. You can afford to pay more cash at closing.	You are satisfied with the market rate without points in either direction.	You don't want to pay a lot of cash upfront and you can afford a larger mortgage payment.
YOU MAY CHOOSE	Pay points now and get a lower interest rate. This will save you money over the long run.	Zero points.	Pay a higher interest rate and get a lender credit toward some or all of your closing costs.
WHAT THAT MEANS	You might agree to pay \$675 more in closing costs, in exchange for a lower rate of 4.875%. Now: You pay \$675 Over the life of the loan: Pay \$14 less each month	With no adjustments in either direction, it is easier to understand what you're paying and to compare prices.	You might agree to a higher rate of 5.125%, in exchange for \$675 toward your closing costs. Now: You get \$675 Over the life of the loan: Pay \$14 more each month

6. Shop with several lenders

You've figured out what affordable means for you. You've reviewed your credit and the kind of mortgage and down payment that best fits your situation. Now is the time to start shopping seriously for a loan. The work you do here could save you thousands of dollars over the life of your mortgage.

GATHER FACTS AND COMPARE COSTS

- Make a list of several lenders you will start with**
Mortgages are typically offered by community banks, credit unions, mortgage brokers, online lenders, and large banks. These lenders have loan officers you can talk to about your situation.
- Get the facts from the lenders on your list**
Find out from the lenders what loan options they recommend for you, and the costs and benefits for each. For example, you might find a discount is offered for borrowers who have completed a home buyer education program.
- Get at least three offers—in writing—so that you can compare them**
Review the decisions you made on [pages 4 to 8](#) to determine the loan type, down payment, total monthly home payment and other features to shop for. Now ask at least three different lenders to give you a **Loan Estimate**, which is a standard form showing important facts about the loan. It should be sent to you within three days, and it shouldn't be expensive. Lenders can charge you only a small fee for getting your credit report—and some lenders provide the Loan Estimate without that fee.
- Compare Total Loan Costs**
Review your Loan Estimates and compare Total Loan Costs, which you can see under *Section D* at the bottom left of the second page of the Loan Estimate. **Total Loan Costs** include what your lender charges to make the loan, as well as costs for services such as appraisal and title. The third page of the Loan Estimate shows the **Annual Percentage Rate (APR)**, which is a measure of your costs over the loan term expressed as a rate. Also shown on the third page is the **Total Interest Percentage (TIP)**, which is the total amount of interest that you pay over the loan term as a percentage of your loan amount. **You can use APR and TIP to compare loan offers.**

RESEARCH STARTER

Loan costs can vary widely from lender to lender, so this is one place where a little research may help you save a lot of money. Here's how:

- Ask real estate and title professionals about average costs in your area.
- Learn more about loan costs, and get help comparing options, at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

TIP

A loan officer is not necessarily shopping on your behalf or providing you with the best fit or lowest cost loan.

TIP

It is illegal for a lender to pay a loan officer more to steer you into a higher cost loan.

THE TALK

Talking to different lenders helps you to know what options are available and to feel more in control. Here is one way to start the conversation:

“This mortgage is a big decision and I want to get it right. Another lender is offering me a different loan that may cost less. Let’s talk about what the differences are and whether you may be able to offer me the best deal.”

TRACK YOUR LOAN OFFERS

Fill in the blanks for these important factors:

	LOAN OFFER 1	LOAN OFFER 2	LOAN OFFER 3
Lender name			
Loan amount	\$	\$	\$
Interest rate	%	%	%
	<input type="checkbox"/> Fixed <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable	<input type="checkbox"/> Fixed <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable	<input type="checkbox"/> Fixed <input type="checkbox"/> Adjustable
Monthly principal and interest	\$	\$	\$
Monthly mortgage insurance	\$	\$	\$
Total Loan Costs <i>(See section D on the second page of your Loan Estimate.)</i>	\$	\$	\$

My best loan offer is: _____

7. Choose your mortgage

You’ve done a lot of hard work to get this far! Now it is time to make your call.

CONFIRM YOUR DECISION

Check the box if you agree with the statement:

- I can repay this loan.
- I am comfortable with my monthly payment.
- I shopped enough to know this is a good deal for me.
- There are no risky features such as a balloon payment or prepayment penalty I can’t handle down the road.
- I know whether my principal and interest payment will increase in the future.

Still need advice? The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) sponsors housing counseling agencies throughout the country to provide free or low-cost advice. To find a HUD-approved housing counselor visit consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor or call HUD’s interactive voice system at (800) 569-4287.

Intent to proceed

When you receive a Loan Estimate, the lender has not yet approved or denied your loan. Up to this point, they are showing you what they expect to offer if you decide to move forward with your application. You have not committed to this lender. In fact, you are not committed to any lender before you have signed final closing documents.

Once you have found your best mortgage, the next step is to tell the loan officer you want to proceed with that mortgage application. This is called expressing your **intent to proceed**. Lenders have to wait until you express your intent to proceed before they require you to pay an application fee, appraisal fee, or most other fees.

Rate lock

Your Loan Estimate may show a rate that has been “locked” or a rate that is “floating,” which means it can go up or down. Mortgage interest rates change daily, sometimes hourly. A **rate lock** sets your interest rate for a period of time. Rate locks are typically available for 30, 45, or 60 days, and sometimes longer.

The interest rate on your Loan Estimate is not a guarantee. If your rate is floating and it is later locked, your interest rate will be set at that later time. Also, if there are changes in your application—including your loan amount, credit score, or verified income—your rate and terms will probably change too. In those situations, the lender gives you a revised Loan Estimate.

There can be a downside to a rate lock. It may be expensive to extend if your transaction needs more time. And, a rate lock may lock you out of better market pricing if rates fall.

 **THE TALK**

Rate lock policies vary by lender. Choosing to lock or float your rate can make an important difference in your monthly payment. To avoid surprises, ask:

“What does it mean if I lock my rate today?”

“What rate lock time frame does this Loan Estimate provide?”

“Is a shorter or longer rate lock available, and at what cost?”

“What if my closing is delayed and the rate lock expires?”

“If I lock my rate, are there any conditions under which my rate could still change?”

8. Avoid pitfalls

WHAT NOT TO DO	WHY?
Don't sign documents where important details are left blank or documents you don't understand.	You are agreeing to repay a substantial amount of money over an extended period of time. Make sure you know what you are getting into and protect yourself from fraud.
Don't assume you are on your own.	HUD-approved housing counselors can help you navigate the process and find programs available to help first-time homebuyers. You can find a HUD-approved housing counselor in your area at consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor or call HUD's interactive voice system at (800) 569-4287.
Don't take on more mortgage than you want or can afford.	Make certain that you want the loan that you are requesting and that you are in a position to live up to your end of the bargain.
Don't count on refinancing, and don't take out a loan if you already know you will have to change it later.	If you are not comfortable with the loan offered to you, ask your lender if there is another option that works for you. Keep looking until you find the right loan for your situation.
Don't fudge numbers or documents.	You are responsible for an accurate and truthful application. Be upfront about your situation. Mortgage fraud is a serious offense.
Don't hide important financial information.	Hiding negative information may delay or derail your loan application.

Handle problems

WHAT HAPPENED	WHAT TO DO ABOUT IT
I have experienced a problem with my loan application or how my loan officer is treating me.	Ask to talk to a supervisor. It may be a good idea to talk to the loan officer first, and if you are not satisfied, ask to speak with a supervisor.
I think I was unlawfully discriminated against when I applied for a loan or when I tried to buy a home.	<p>The Fair Housing Act and Equal Credit Opportunity Act prohibit housing and credit discrimination. If you think you have been discriminated against during any part of the mortgage process, you can submit a complaint and describe what happened. To do so, you can call the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau at (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint. Submit a complaint to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) by calling (800) 669-9777, TTY (800) 927-9275. Or, file a complaint online at HUD.gov.</p> <p>You can find more information about your rights and how to submit a complaint with the CFPB at consumerfinance.gov/fair-lending.</p>
I have a complaint.	Submit a complaint to the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau if you have problems at any stage of the mortgage application or closing process, or later if you have problems making payments or become unable to pay. You can call (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint .
I think I may have been the victim of a predatory lender or a loan fraud.	<p>Don't believe anyone who tells you they are your "only chance to get a loan," or that you must "act fast." Learn the warning signs of predatory lending and protect yourself. Find more information at portal.hud.gov/hudportal/HUD?src=/program_offices/housing/sfh/hcc/OHC_PREDLEND/OHC_LOANFRAUD.</p> <p>You could learn more about your loan officer at nmlsconsumeraccess.org.</p>

Your closing



You've chosen a mortgage. Now it's time to select and work with your closing agent.

IN THIS SECTION

1. Shop for mortgage closing services
2. Review your revised Loan Estimate
3. Understand and use your Closing Disclosure

Once you've applied for a mortgage, you may feel like you're done. But mortgages are complicated and you still have choices to make.

1. Shop for mortgage closing services

Once you've decided to move forward with a lender based on the Loan Estimate, you are ready to shop for the **closing agent** who gathers all the legal documents, closes the loan, and handles the money involved in your purchase. After you apply for a loan, your lender gives you a list of companies that provide closing services. You may want to use one of the companies on the list. Or, you may be able to choose companies that are not on the list if your lender agrees to work with your choice. The seller cannot require you to buy a title insurance policy from a particular title company.

TIP

Settlement services may feel like a drop in the bucket compared to the cost of the home. But in some states borrowers who shop around may save hundreds of dollars.

Closing agent

In most of the country, a settlement agent does your closing. In other states, particularly several states in the West, the person is known as an escrow agent. And in some states, particularly in the Northeast and South, an attorney may be required.

RESEARCH STARTER

When you compare closing agents, look at both cost and customer service.

- Ask your real estate professional and your friends. These people may know companies they would recommend. Be sure to ask how that company handled problems and if they have a good reputation.

- Review the list of companies your lender gave you. Select a few companies on the list and ask for references from people who recently bought a home. Ask those people how the company handled problems that came up during the transaction.

Title insurance

When you purchase your home, you receive a document most often called a deed, which shows the seller transferred their legal ownership, or “title,” to the home to you. **Title insurance** can provide protection if someone later sues and says they have a claim against the home. Common claims come from a previous owner’s failure to pay taxes or from contractors who say they were not paid for work done on the home before you purchased it.

Most lenders require a **Lender’s Title Insurance** policy, which protects the amount they lent. You may want to buy an **Owner’s Title Insurance** policy, which protects your financial investment in the home. The Loan Estimate you receive lists the Owner’s Title Insurance policy as optional if your lender does not require the policy as a condition of the loan.

Depending on the state where you are buying your home, your title insurance company may give you an itemized list of fees at closing. This itemized list may be required under state law and may be different from what you see on your Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. That does not mean you are being charged more. If you add up all the title-related costs your title insurance company gives you, it should match the totals of all the title-related costs you see on your Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. When comparing costs for title insurance, make sure to compare the bottom line total.

Home inspector and home appraiser

When you are considering buying a home, it is smart to check it out carefully to see if it is in good condition. The person who does this for you is called a **home inspector**. The inspector works for you and should tell you whether the home you want to buy is in good condition and whether you are buying a “money pit” of expensive repairs. Get your inspection before you are finally committed to buy the home.

A home inspector is different from a **home appraiser**. The appraiser is an independent professional whose job is to give the lender an estimate of the home’s market value. You are entitled to a copy of the appraisal prior to your closing. This allows you to see how the price you agreed to pay compares to similar and recent property sales in your area.

2. Review your revised Loan Estimate

When important information changes, your lender is required to give you a new Loan Estimate that shows your new loan offer.

It is illegal for a lender to quote you low fees and costs for its services on your Loan Estimate and then surprise you with much higher costs in a revised Loan Estimate or Closing Disclosure. However, a lender may change the fees it quotes you for its services if the facts on your application were wrong or changed, you asked for a change, your lender found you did not qualify for the original loan offer, or your Loan Estimate expired.

Here are common reasons why your Loan Estimate might change:

- You decided to change loan programs or the amount of your down payment.
- The appraisal on the home you want to buy came in higher or lower than expected.
- You took out a new loan or missed a payment and that has changed your credit.
- Your lender could not document your overtime, bonus, or other income.

THE TALK

If your Loan Estimate is revised you should look it over to see what changed. Ask your lender:

“Can you explain why I received a new Loan Estimate?”

“How is my loan transaction different from what I was originally expecting?”

“How does this change my loan amount, interest rate, monthly payment, cash to close, and other loan features?”

3. Understand and use your Closing Disclosure

You've chosen a home you want to buy and your offer has been accepted. You've also applied for and been approved for a mortgage. Now you are ready to take legal possession of the home and promise to repay your loan.

At least three days before your closing, you should get your official **Closing Disclosure**, which is a five-page document that gives you more details about your loan, its key terms, and how much you are paying in fees and other costs to get your mortgage and buy your home.

Many of the costs you pay at closing are set by the decisions you made when you were shopping for a mortgage. Charges shown under "services you can shop for" may increase at closing, but generally by no more than 10% of the costs listed on your final Loan Estimate.

The Closing Disclosure breaks down your closing costs into two big categories:

YOUR LOAN COSTS

- The lender's **Origination Costs** to make or "originate" the loan, along with application fees and fees to underwrite your loan. **Underwriting** is the lender's term for making sure your credit and financial information is accurate and you meet the lender's requirements for a loan.
- Discount points—that is, additional money you pay up front to reduce your interest rate.
- Services you shopped for, such as your closing or settlement agent and related title costs.
- Services your lender requires for your loan. These include appraisals and credit reports.

OTHER COSTS

- Property taxes.
- Homeowner's insurance premiums. You can shop around for homeowner's insurance from your current insurance company, or many others, until you find the combination of premium, coverage, and customer service that fits your situation. Your lender will ask you for proof you have an insurance policy on your new home.
- Any portion of your total mortgage payment you must make before your first full payment is due.
- Flood insurance, if required.

RESEARCH STARTER

Get tips, a step-by-step checklist, and help with the rest of the documents you'll see at closing at consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home.

What is your Closing Disclosure?

The five-page Closing Disclosure sums up the terms of your loan and what you pay at closing. You can easily compare the numbers to the Loan Estimate you received earlier. There should not be any significant changes other than those you have already agreed to.

Take out your own Closing Disclosure, or review the example here. Double-check that you clearly understand what you'll be expected to pay—over the life of your loan and at closing.

ON PAGE 1 OF 5

Loan terms

Review your monthly payment. Part of it goes to repay what you borrowed (and may build equity in your new home), and part of it goes to pay interest (which doesn't build equity). Equity is the current market value of your home minus the amount you still owe on your mortgage.

Costs at Closing

Be prepared to bring the full "Cash to Close" amount with you to your closing. This amount includes your down payment and closing costs. The closing costs are itemized on the following pages.

This form is a statement of final loan terms and closing costs. Compare this document with your Loan Estimate.

Closing Information		Transaction Information		Loan Information	
Date Issued	4/15/2013	Borrower	Michael Jones and Mary Stone	Loan Term	30 years
Closing Date	4/15/2013		123 Anywhere Street	Purpose	Purchase
Disbursement Date	4/15/2013		Anytown, ST 12345	Product	Fixed Rate
Settlement Agent	Epsilon Title Co.	Seller	Steve Cole and Amy Doe	Loan Type	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Conventional <input type="checkbox"/> FHA
File #	123456		321 Somewhere Drive	DVA	<input type="checkbox"/>
Property	456 Somewhere Ave	Lender	Anytown, ST 12345	Loan ID #	123456789
	Anytown, ST 12345		Ficus Bank	MFC #	000654321
Sale Price	\$180,000				

Loan Terms	Can this amount increase after closing?	
Loan Amount	\$162,000	NO
Interest Rate	3.875%	NO
Monthly Principal & Interest <small>See Projected Payments below for your Estimated Total Monthly Payment</small>	\$761.78	NO
Prepayment Penalty	YES • As high as \$3,240 if you pay off the loan during the first 2 years	
Balloon Payment	NO	

Projected Payments	Does the loan have these features?	
Payment Calculation	Years 1-7	Years 8-30
Principal & Interest	\$761.78	\$761.78
Mortgage Insurance	+ 82.35	+ —
Estimated Escrow <small>Amount can increase over time</small>	+ 206.13	+ 206.13
Estimated Total Monthly Payment	\$1,050.26	\$967.91

Estimated Taxes, Insurance & Assessments <small>Amount can increase over time See page 4 for details</small>	This estimate includes	In escrow?
\$356.13 a month	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Property Taxes	YES
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Homeowner's Insurance	YES
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other Homeowner's Association Dues	NO
	<small>See Escrow Account on page 4 for details. You must pay for other property costs separately.</small>	

Costs at Closing	
Closing Costs	\$9,712.10 Includes \$4,694.05 in Loan Costs + \$5,018.05 in Other Costs – \$0 in Lender Credits. See page 2 for details.
Cash to Close	\$14,147.26 Includes Closing Costs. See Calculating Cash to Close on page 3 for details.

CLOSING DISCLOSURE PAGE 1 OF 5 - LOAN ID # 123456789

Closing Disclosure, page 1. The most important facts about your loan are on the first page.

ON PAGE 2 OF 5

Total Loan Costs

Origination charges are fees your lender charges to make your loan. Some closing costs are fees paid to the providers selected by your lender. Some are fees you pay to providers you chose on your own.

Prepays

Homeowner's insurance is often paid in advance for the first full year. Also, some taxes and other fees need to be paid in advance.

Closing Cost Details					
Loan Costs	Borrower Paid		Seller Paid		Paid by Others
	At Closing	Before Closing	At Closing	Before Closing	
A. Origination Charges \$1,802.00					
01 Origination Fee		\$1,802.00			
02 Credit Report Fee	to Info. Co.	\$40.00			
03 Application Fee	to Info. Co.	\$300.00			
04 Underwriting Fee	to Info. Co.	\$1,062.00			
05					
06					
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09					
B. Services Borrower Did Not Shop For \$236.55					
01 Appraisal Fee	to John Smith Appraisers Inc.		\$29.80		\$405.00
02 Flood Determination Fee	to Info. Co.	\$20.00			
03 Flood Monitoring Fee	to Info. Co.	\$31.75			
04 Tax Monitoring Fee	to Info. Co.	\$75.00			
05 Tax Status Research Fee	to Info. Co.	\$80.00			
06					
07					
08					
09					
C. Services Borrower Did Shop For \$2,455.50					
01 Pest Inspection Fee	to Presti Co.	\$120.00			
02 Survey Fee	to Survey Co.	\$85.00			
03 Title - Insurance Broker	to Equilon Title Co.	\$650.00			
04 Title - Lender's Title Insurance	to Equilon Title Co.	\$500.00			
05 Title - Settlement Agent Fee	to Equilon Title Co.	\$500.00			
06 Title - Title Search	to Equilon Title Co.	\$800.00			
07					
08					
09					
D. TOTAL LOAN COSTS (Borrower-Paid) \$4,694.05					
Loan Costs Subtotals (A + B + C)		\$4,664.25	\$29.80		
Other Costs \$85.00					
E. Taxes and Other Government Fees \$85.00					
01 Recording Fees	Deed: \$40.00 Mortgage: \$45.00	\$85.00			
02 Transfer Tax	to Any State		\$90.00		
F. Prepaids \$2,120.80					
01 Homeowner's Insurance Premium (12 mo.) to Insurance Co.		\$1,209.96			
02 Mortgage Insurance Premium (mo.)		\$279.04			
03 Prepaid Interest (\$17.44 per day from 4/15/13 to 5/1/13)		\$63.80			
04 Property Taxes (6 mo.) to Any County USA		\$168.00			
05					
G. Initial Escrow Payment at Closing \$412.25					
01 Homeowner's Insurance (\$10.83 per month for 2 mo.)		\$216.66			
02 Mortgage Insurance per month for mo.		\$10.83			
03 Property Taxes \$105.80 per month for 2 mo.		\$211.60			
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I. TOTAL OTHER COSTS (Borrower-Paid) \$5,018.05					
Other Costs Subtotals (E + F + G + H)		\$5,018.05			
J. TOTAL CLOSING COSTS (Borrower-Paid) \$9,712.10					
Closing Costs Subtotals (D + I)		\$9,693.30	\$29.80	\$12,800.00	\$750.00
Lender Credits					\$405.00

Details of your closing costs appear on page 2 of the Closing Disclosure.

USE YOUR CLOSING DISCLOSURE TO CONFIRM THE DETAILS OF YOUR LOAN
Circle one. If you answer no, turn to the page indicated for more information:

- The interest rate is what I was expecting based on my Loan Estimate. **YES / NO** (see page 10)
- I know whether I have a prepayment penalty or balloon payment. **YES / NO** (see page 7)
- I know whether or not my payment changes in future years. **YES / NO** (see page 7)
- I see whether I am paying points or receiving points at closing. **YES / NO** (see page 9)
- I know whether I have an escrow account. **YES / NO** (see above)

Escrow

An escrow or impound account is a special account where monthly insurance and tax payments are held until they are paid out each year. You get a statement showing how much money your lender or mortgage servicer plans to require for your escrow or impound account.

You also get an annual analysis showing what happened to the money in your account. Your lender must follow federal rules to make sure they do not end up with a large surplus or shortage in your escrow or impound account.

ON PAGE 3 OF 5

Calculating Cash to Close
Closing costs are only a part of the total cash you need to bring to closing.

Summaries of Transactions
The section at the bottom of the page sums up how the money flows among you, the lender, and the seller.

ON PAGE 4 OF 5

Loan Disclosures
Page 4 breaks down what is and is not included in your escrow or impound account. Make sure you understand what is paid from your escrow account and what you are responsible for paying yourself.

Calculating Cash to Close			
	Loan Estimate	Final	Did this change?
Total Closing Costs (I)	\$8,054.00	\$9,712.10	YES - See Total Loan Costs (D) and Total Other Costs (I)
Closing Costs Paid Before Closing	\$0	-\$29.80	YES - You paid these Closing Costs before closing
Closing Costs Financed (Paid from your Loan Amount)	\$0	\$0	NO
Down Payment/Funds from Borrower	\$18,000.00	\$18,000.00	NO
Deposit	-\$19,000.00	-\$19,000.00	NO
Funds for Borrower	\$0	\$0	NO
Seller Credits	\$0	-\$2,000.00	YES - See Seller Credits in Section L
Adjustments and Other Credits	\$0	-\$1,025.04	YES - See details in Sections K and L
Cash to Close	\$16,854.00	\$14,147.26	

Summaries of Transactions			
BORROWER'S TRANSACTION		SELLER'S TRANSACTION	
K. Due from Borrower at Closing	\$180,762.00	M. Due to Seller at Closing	\$180,000.00
01 Sale Price of Property	\$180,000.00	01 Sale Price of Property	\$180,000.00
02 Sale Price of Any Personal Property Included in Sale		02 Sale Price of Any Personal Property Included in Sale	
03 Closing Costs Paid at Closing (J)	\$9,662.30		
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Additional Information About This Loan			
Loan Disclosures		Escrow Account	
Assumption If you sell or transfer this property to another person, your lender <input type="checkbox"/> will allow, under certain conditions, this person to assume this loan on the original terms. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> will not allow assumption of this loan on the original terms.		For new your loan <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> will have an escrow account (also called an "impound" or "trust" account) to pay the property costs listed below. Without an escrow account, you would pay them directly, possibly in one or two large payments a year. Your lender may be liable for penalties and interest for failing to make a payment.	
Demand Feature Your loan <input type="checkbox"/> has a demand feature, which permits your lender to require early repayment of the loan. You should review your note for details. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> does not have a demand feature.		Escrow Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1: \$2,473.56 Estimated total amount over year 1 for your escrowed property costs: Homeowner's Insurance Property Taxes	
Late Payment If your payment is more than 15 days late, your lender will charge a late fee of 5% of the monthly principal and interest payment.		Non-Escrowed Property Costs over Year 1: \$1,800.00 Estimated total amount over year 1 for your non-escrowed property costs: Homeowner's Association Dues	
Negative Amortization (Increase in Loan Amount) If you are scheduled to make monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month, and your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and your loan amount will likely become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property. <input type="checkbox"/> may have monthly payments that do not pay all of the interest due that month. If you do, your loan amount will increase (negatively amortize), and, as a result, your loan amount may become larger than your original loan amount. Increases in your loan amount lower the equity you have in this property. <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> does not have a negative amortization feature.		Initial Escrow Payment: \$412.25 A cushion for the escrow account you pay at closing. See Section G on page 2. Monthly Escrow Payment: \$206.13	

Loan Calculations		Other Disclosures	
Total of Payments. Total you will have paid after you make all payments of principal, interest, mortgage insurance, and loan costs, as scheduled.	\$285,803.36	Appraisal If the property was appraised for your loan, your lender is required to give you a copy of no additional cost at least 5 days before closing. If you have not yet received it, please contact your lender at the information listed below.	
Finance Charge. The dollar amount the loan will cost you.	\$118,830.27	Contract Details See your note and security instrument for information about: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • what happens if you fail to make your payments, • what is a default on the loan, • situations in which your lender can require early repayment of the loan, and • the rules for making payments before they are due. 	
Amount Financed. The loan amount available after paying your upfront finance charge.	\$162,000.00	Liability after Foreclosure If your lender forecloses on this property and the foreclosure does not cover the amount of unpaid balance on this loan, <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> state law may protect you from liability for the unpaid balance, if you refinance or take on any additional debt on this property, you may lose this protection and have to pay any debt remaining even after foreclosure. You may want to consult a lawyer for more information. <input type="checkbox"/> state law does not protect you from liability for the unpaid balance. 	
Annual Percentage Rate (APR). Your costs over the loan term expressed as a rate. This is not your interest rate.	4.174%	Refinance Refinancing this loan will depend on your future financial situation, the property value, and market conditions. You may not be able to refinance this loan.	
Total Interest Percentage (TIP). The total amount of interest that you will pay over the loan term as a percentage of your loan amount.	69.46%	Tax Deductions If you borrow more than this property is worth, the interest on the loan amount above this property's fair market value is not deductible from your federal income taxes. You should consult a tax advisor for more information.	

Questions? If you have questions about the loan terms or costs on this form, use the contact information below. To get more information or make a complaint, contact the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau at www.consumerfinance.gov/mortgage-closing

Contact Information					
	Lender	Mortgage Broker	Real Estate Broker (B)	Real Estate Broker (S)	Settlement Agent
Name	Ficus Bank		Omega Real Estate Broker Inc.	Alpha Real Estate Broker Co.	Epsilon Title Co.
Address	4321 Random Blvd. Somerscity, ST 12340		789 Local Lane Somerscity, ST 12345	987 Suburb Ct Somerscity, ST 12340	123 Commerce Pl. Somerscity, ST 12344
NMLS ID			2705416	261456	261616
Contact	Joe Smith		Samuel Green	Joseph Cain	Sarah Arnold
Contact NMLS ID	12345		P16415	P51461	P11234
Contact ST License ID					
Email	joesmith@ficusbank.com		sam@omgare.biz	joel@alphare.biz	sarah@epsilontitle.com
Phone	123-456-7890		123-555-1717	321-555-7171	987-555-4321

Confirm Receipt
By signing, you are only confirming that you have received this form. You do not have to accept this loan because you have signed or received this form.

Applicant Signature _____ Date _____ Co-Applicant Signature _____ Date _____
CLOSING DISCLOSURE PAGE 5 OF 5 - LOAN ID # 123456789

Loan calculations, disclosures, and contact information for your files are on page 5 of the Closing Disclosure.

ON PAGE 5 OF 5

Finance Charge

In addition to paying back the amount you are borrowing, you pay a lot of interest over the life of the loan. This is why it is worthwhile to shop carefully for the best loan for your situation.

Annual Percentage Rate (APR)

Your APR is your total cost of credit stated as a rate. Your APR is generally higher than your interest rate, because the APR takes into consideration all the costs of your loan, over the full term of the loan.

If anything on the Closing Disclosure is not clear to you, ask your lender or settlement agent, "What does this mean?"

Owning your home

Now you've closed on your mortgage and the home is yours.

IN THIS SECTION

1. Act fast if you get behind on your payments
2. Keep up with ongoing costs
3. Determine if you need flood insurance
4. Understand Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs) and refinancing

Owning a home is exciting. And your home is also a large investment. Here's how to protect that investment.

1. Act fast if you get behind on your payments

If you fall behind on your mortgage, the company that accepts payments on your mortgage contacts you. This company is your **mortgage servicer**. Your servicer is required to let you know what options are available to avoid foreclosure. Talk to your mortgage servicer if you get into trouble, and call a housing counselor (see [page 12](#) for contact information). HUD-approved counselors are professionals who can help you, often at little or no charge to you.

Homeowners struggling to pay a mortgage should beware of scammers promising to lower mortgage payments. Only your mortgage servicer can evaluate you for a loan modification. If you suspect a scam you can call (855) 411-2372 or visit consumerfinance.gov/complaint.

2. Keep up with ongoing costs

Your mortgage payment is just one part of what it costs to live in your new home. Your escrow account holds your monthly taxes and homeowner's insurance payments—but if you have no escrow account, you need to keep up with these on your own. Your home needs maintenance and repairs, so budget and save for these too.

NOW

- Now you've spent time understanding what you need to do and what you need to pay, as a new homeowner.
- Now is the time to step back and feel sure you want to proceed with the loan.

IN THE FUTURE

- If you are not comfortable with your mortgage and your responsibility to make payments, you might not be able to keep your home.
- If you've made a careful decision about what you can afford and the mortgage you wanted, you will be able to balance owning your home and meeting your other financial goals.

3. Determine if you need flood insurance

Flooding causes more than \$8 billion in damages in the United States in an average year. You can protect your home and its contents from flood damage. Depending on your property location, your home is considered either at high-risk or at moderate-to-low risk for a flood. Your insurance premium varies accordingly. You can find out more about flood insurance at FloodSmart.gov. Private flood insurance could also be available.

Although you may not be required to maintain flood insurance on all structures, you may still wish to do so, and your mortgage lender may still require you to do so to protect the collateral securing the mortgage. If you choose to not maintain flood insurance on a structure, and it floods, you are responsible for all flood losses relating to that structure.

4. Understand Home Equity Lines of Credit (HELOCs) and refinancing

Homeowners sometimes decide they want to borrow against the value of their home to help remodel or pay for other large expenses. One way to do this is with a **Home Equity Line of Credit** (HELOC). You can learn more about HELOCs at files.consumerfinance.gov/f/201401_cfpb_booklet_heloc.pdf.

Financial counselors caution homeowners against using a HELOC to wipe out credit card debt. If you use a HELOC as a quick fix to a serious spending problem, you could end up back in debt and lose your home.

If you decide to take out a HELOC or refinance your mortgage, the Truth in Lending Act (TILA) gives you the **right to rescind**, meaning you can change your mind and cancel the loan. But you can only rescind a refinance or HELOC within three days of receiving a proper notice of the right to rescind from your lender. You cannot rescind if you are using your HELOC to buy a home.

In the case of a refinance, consider how long it will take for the monthly savings to pay for the cost of the refinance. Review the closing costs you paid for your original loan to purchase the home. Refinancing costs can be about the same amount. A common rule of thumb is to proceed only if the new interest rate saves you that amount over about two years (in other words, if you break even in about two years).

★ Congratulations!

You have accomplished a lot. It is not easy—you should feel proud of the work you've done.



Online tools

CFPB website
consumerfinance.gov

Answers to common questions
consumerfinance.gov/askcfpb

Tools and resources for home buyers
consumerfinance.gov/owning-a-home

Talk to a housing counselor
consumerfinance.gov/find-a-housing-counselor



General inquiries

Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
1700 G Street NW
Washington DC 20552



Submit a complaint

Online
consumerfinance.gov/complaint

By phone
855-411-CFPB (2372);
TTY/TDD 855-729-CFPB (2372);
8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern Time, Monday-Friday

By fax
855-237-2392

By mail
Consumer Financial Protection Bureau
P.O. Box 4503
Iowa City, Iowa 52244



Share your thoughts

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[Twitter.com/cfpb](https://twitter.com/cfpb)